



choosing  
from the heart



being  
before  
doing



character  
first

## what is justice?

Justice is the virtue of treating others with fairness, integrity, and respect, ensuring that each person receives what is rightfully theirs. It involves honesty in relationships, work, and financial dealings, promoting transparency and accountability. Justice requires that we do not exploit, harm, or take advantage of others for personal gain but seek to treat everyone with equality and dignity.

Beyond personal actions, justice also calls us to advocate for fairness in our communities, addressing systemic inequalities and standing against injustice. Rooted in moral and ethical principles, justice aligns with God's call to love our neighbour, promoting a just and compassionate society where all can thrive.

## and the opposite of justice?

... is unfairness, characterised by dishonesty, partiality, and exploitation. It involves treating others unequally, showing bias, or taking advantage of people for personal gain. Unfairness disregards the dignity and rights of individuals, allowing inequality and oppression to persist. It manifests in corrupt actions, whether in relationships, workplaces, or societal systems, where people are harmed or denied what they deserve. This lack of fairness undermines trust, promotes division, and fosters injustice in communities.

# character quality justice

## fairness

Practising fairness in managing money involves treating all parties involved with honesty, transparency, and impartiality. It means ensuring that financial decisions are ethical, wages are fair, and resources are distributed equitably. Fairness also requires avoiding exploitation or taking advantage of others for personal gain.

Whether in personal finances, business, or charitable giving, fairness prioritises justice over profit, promotes mutual respect, and seeks to benefit everyone involved, not just those in positions of power or wealth.

## integrity

Practising integrity in managing money involves being honest, transparent, and ethical. It means making responsible financial decisions, avoiding deceit, and prioritising trust and accountability in all financial dealings.

## equity

Practising equity in managing money involves allocating resources fairly, recognising individual needs, and creating opportunities that ensure everyone has a chance to thrive, fostering financial inclusivity and support.

## transparency

Practising transparency in managing money involves openly sharing financial information, ensuring clear communication about income and expenses, and being honest about financial decisions to build trust and accountability.

## accountability

Practising accountability in managing money means taking responsibility for financial decisions, tracking spending, setting clear budgets, and regularly reviewing financial goals to ensure alignment with values and commitments.



# fair & honest

## developing justice

Start by cultivating awareness of fairness in your financial decisions. Reflect on how your spending, saving, and investing impact others. Make it a priority to be transparent about your financial dealings, sharing relevant information with those affected. Establish equitable practices, ensuring your financial choices consider the needs of marginalised individuals.

Engage in regular self-assessment, asking whether your financial actions promote justice and accountability. Finally, practice generosity by supporting charitable causes and those in need, demonstrating love and compassion through your financial resources. You can embody justice in your money management by consistently applying these principles.

## reflection questions

1. How do we define fairness in our financial dealings? What criteria guide us in assessing whether our financial decisions are fair to all parties involved?
2. What role does integrity play in our financial transactions? How can we consistently uphold our values when faced with ethical dilemmas in managing money?
3. How can we improve transparency in our financial practices? How can we openly share information about income, expenses, and financial goals to build trust with others?
4. How can we measure equity in our financial decisions? What specific practices can we adopt to ensure that marginalised groups have equal access to resources?
5. What accountability measures can we implement for just financial practices? How can we evaluate our financial decisions regularly to ensure they align with the principles of justice?

## the Bible says ...



“He has told you, O man, what is good; and what does the Lord require of you but to do justice, and to love kindness, and to walk humbly with your God? (Micah 6:8)



## the justice of Wesley

John Wesley demonstrated the virtue of justice in finances by advocating for fair wages and ethical business practices. He emphasised the importance of treating workers with dignity and respect, encouraging employers to pay living wages. Wesley also promoted thrift and financial responsibility, urging individuals to use their resources wisely and generously. His emphasis on charity and social responsibility led to the establishment of various initiatives aimed at alleviating poverty. By linking faith with practical financial ethics, Wesley's teachings encouraged his followers to contribute to the well-being of others, fostering a sense of justice within their communities.



## the wolf ...

Wolves demonstrate the virtue of justice through their strong pack dynamics and cooperative behavior. In a wolf pack, every member plays a vital role, and decisions are made collectively, ensuring fairness and equity. When hunting, wolves share the spoils equally among pack members, promoting a sense of community and support. They also care for injured or weaker members, demonstrating loyalty and compassion. This commitment to the well-being of the entire pack reflects a deep sense of social responsibility, illustrating how justice is not just about individual gain but also about fostering harmony and balance within the group.